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NOTICES FROM THE LICK OBSERVATORY.

PREPARED BY MEMBERS OF THE STAFF.

II. DISCOVERY OF COMET I, 1893.

By the kindness of Professor Edward C. Pickering, the Lick Observatory has just received a fine set of lantern-slide copies of the negatives of the eclipse of April 16, 1893, which were made by the Harvard College Observatory Eclipse Expedition to Chile, under the direction of Professor William H. Pickering.

The coronal comet first discovered by Professor J. M. Schaeberle on the Lick Observatory negatives* is unmistakable on the copies of the Harvard College Observatory plates, Nos. 454, 467 and 468. It is also visible on the plates of the British expeditions in Brazil and in Africa.

The form of the comet, so far as shown on the Harvard College Observatory plates, is practically the same as the form exhibited by the negatives of the Lick Observatory. The position is substantially the same on both sets of plates, as the difference in time between the two stations in Chile was but a fraction of a minute.

E. S. H.

LICK OBSERVATORY, July 23, 1894.

THE CORONAL COMET OF APRIL 16, 1893.

The Lick Observatory has just secured copies of the eclipse-photographs taken by Professor W. H. Pickering in Chile on April 16, 1893. The coronal comet is unmistakably shown on at least three of the plates (Nos. 454, 467 and 468), having practically the same form and position as in the Lick Observatory

^{*} See Publications A. S. P., Vol. VI (1894), page 144.